

Page: 1 of 9 Version: 3.0

Revision Date: 2013/06/25

DOW CORNING(R) Q4-2817 FLUOROSILICONE SEALANT

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Dow Corning Corporation

South Saginaw Road

Midland, Michigan 48686

24 Hour Emergency Telephone: (989) 496-5900

Customer Service: (989) 496-6000

Product Disposal Information: (989) 496-6315

Product Disposal Information: (989) 496-6315 CHEMTREC: (800) 424-9300

MSDS No.: 01666789 Revision Date: 2013/06/25

Generic Description: Fluorosilicone elastomer

Physical Form: Paste Color: Red

Odor: Acetic acid odor

NFPA Profile: Health 2 Flammability 1 Instability/Reactivity 0

Note: NFPA = National Fire Protection Association

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS

Acute Effects

Eye: Direct contact may cause severe irritation.

Skin: May cause severe irritation.

Inhalation: Irritates respiratory passages very slightly.

Oral: Low ingestion hazard in normal use.

Prolonged/Repeated Exposure Effects

Skin: Overexposure by skin absorption may injure the following organ(s): Reproductive System.

Liver.

Inhalation: Overexposure by inhalation may injure the following organ(s): Reproductive System.

Oral: Overexposure by ingestion may injure the following organ(s): Reproductive System.

Nervous system. Heart. Skeletal muscle.

Other Health Effects

This product contains a chemical(s) that has the following effect(s): Reproductive Toxicity

See Section 11 for specific details.



Page: 2 of 9 Version: 3.0

Revision Date: 2013/06/25

DOW CORNING(R) Q4-2817 FLUOROSILICONE SEALANT

Signs and Symptoms of Overexposure

No known applicable information.

Medical Conditions Aggravated by Exposure

This material contains trifluoropropylmethylcyclotrisiloxane. Persons with the following medical conditions should avoid overexposure to this chemical: pregnant women, men with sperm count deficiencies, and individuals with impaired liver function or blood clotting disorders. Also, individuals with estrogen- or androgen-sensitive diseases, such as uterine, prostate or breast cancer, or persons taking therapeutic doses of estrogenic, androgenic, or antiandrogenic hormones (such as for cancer therapy) should avoid overexposure to this substance.

The above listed potential effects of overexposure are based on actual data, results of studies performed upon similar compositions, component data and/or expert review of the product. Please refer to Section 11 for the detailed toxicology information.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

CAS Number	<u>Wt %</u>	Component Name	
17689-77-9	1.0 - 5.0	Ethyltriacetoxysilane	
4253-34-3	1.0 - 5.0	Methyltriacetoxysilane	
2374-14-3	<1.0	Trifluoropropylmethyl cyclotrisiloxane	

The above components are hazardous as defined in 29 CFR 1910.1200.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Eye: Immediately flush the contaminated eye(s) with lukewarm, gently flowing water for 15 - 20

minutes while holding the eyelid(s) open. If contact lens is present, DO NOT delay irrigation or attempt to remove the lens. Take care not to rinse contaminated water into the unaffected

eye or onto the face. Immediately obtain medical attention.

Skin: As quickly as possible remove contaminated clothing, shoes and leather goods (e.g.

watchbands, belts). Quickly and gently blot or brush away excess chemical. Immediately flush with lukewarm gently flowing water for 15 minutes. Completely decontaminate clothing, shoes and leather goods before reuse or discard. Immediately obtain medical attention.

Inhalation: Remove from the source of contamination or move to fresh air. If irritation persists, obtain

medical advice.

Oral: If irritation or discomfort occur, obtain medical advice.



Page: 3 of 9 Version: 3.0

Revision Date: 2013/06/25

DOW CORNING(R) Q4-2817 FLUOROSILICONE SEALANT

Notes to Physician: Treat according to person's condition and specifics of exposure.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Flash Point: $> 214 \,^{\circ}\text{F} / > 101.1 \,^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ (Closed Cup)}$

Autoignition Temperature: Not determined.

Flammability Limits in Air: Not determined.

Extinguishing Media: On large fires use dry chemical, foam or water spray. On small fires use carbon dioxide

(CO2), dry chemical or water spray. Water can be used to cool fire exposed containers.

Fire Fighting Measures: Self-contained breathing apparatus and protective clothing should be worn in fighting large

fires involving chemicals. Determine the need to evacuate or isolate the area according to

your local emergency plan. Use water spray to keep fire exposed containers cool.

Unusual Fire Hazards: None.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Containment/Clean up: Observe all personal protection equipment recommendations described in Sections 5 and 8.

Wipe up or scrape up and contain for salvage or disposal. Clean area as appropriate since spilled materials, even in small quantities, may present a slip hazard. Final cleaning may require use of steam, solvents or detergents. Dispose of saturated absorbant or cleaning materials appropriately, since spontaneous heating may occur. Local, state and federal laws and regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which federal, state and local laws and regulations are applicable. Sections 13 and 15 of this MSDS provide

information regarding certain federal and state requirements.

Note: See Section 8 for Personal Protective Equipment for Spills. Call (989) 496-5900, if additional information is required.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Use with adequate ventilation. This material may form highly toxic vapors of trifluoropropional dehyde if heated in air above 300° F (149° C). Provide ventilation to control vapor exposure (inhalation guidelines have not been established). Product evolves acetic acid (HOAc) when exposed to water or humid air. Provide ventilation during use to control HOAc within exposure guidelines or use respiratory protection. Avoid eye contact. Avoid skin contact. Avoid breathing vapor, mist, dust, or fumes. Keep container closed. Do not take internally.

Use reasonable care and store away from oxidizing materials. Keep container closed and store away from water or moisture. This material in its finely divided form presents an explosion hazard. Follow NFPA 654 (for chemical dusts) or 484 (for metal dusts) as appropriate for managing dust hazards to minimize secondary explosion potential.



Page: 4 of 9 Version: 3.0

Revision Date: 2013/06/25

DOW CORNING(R) Q4-2817 FLUOROSILICONE SEALANT

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Component Exposure Limits

<u>CAS Number</u> <u>Component Name</u> <u>Exposure Limits</u>

17689-77-9 Ethyltriacetoxysilane See acetic acid comments.

4253-34-3 Methyltriacetoxysilane See acetic acid comments.

2374-14-3 Trifluoropropylmethyl cyclotrisiloxane Dow Corning guide: 8-Hour TWA 5 parts per billion (ppb),

skin.

Acetic acid is formed upon contact with water or humid air. Provide adequate ventilation to control exposures within guidelines of OSHA PEL: TWA 10 ppm and ACGIH TLV: TWA 10 ppm, STEL 15 ppm.

Engineering Controls

Local Ventilation: Recommended.
General Ventilation: Recommended.

Personal Protective Equipment for Routine Handling

Eyes: Use chemical worker's goggles.

Skin: Wash at mealtime and end of shift. Skin contact must be avoided by using impervious

protective clothing (gloves, aprons, boots, etc.). Use chemical protective gloves as a

minimum and wash skin promptly upon any skin contact.

Suitable Gloves: Avoid skin contact by implementing good industrial hygiene practices and procedures. Select

and use gloves and/or protective clothing to further minimize the potential for skin contact. Consult with your glove and/or personnel protective equipment manufacturer for selection of

appropriate compatible materials.

Inhalation: Use respiratory protection unless adequate local exhaust ventilation is provided or exposure

assessment demonstrates that exposures are within recommended exposure guidelines. IH

personnel can assist in judging the adequacy of existing engineering controls.

Suitable Respirator: General and local exhaust ventilation is recommended to maintain vapor exposures below

recommended limits. Where concentrations are above recommended limits or are unknown, appropriate respiratory protection should be worn. Follow OSHA respirator regulations (29

CFR 1910.134) and use NIOSH/MSHA approved respirators.

Personal Protective Equipment for Spills



Page: 5 of 9 Version: 3.0

Revision Date: 2013/06/25

DOW CORNING(R) Q4-2817 FLUOROSILICONE SEALANT

Eyes: Use full face respirator.

Skin: Wash at mealtime and end of shift. Skin contact must be avoided by using impervious

protective clothing (gloves, aprons, boots, etc.). Use chemical protective gloves as a

minimum and wash skin promptly upon any skin contact.

Inhalation/Suitable

Respiratory protection recommended. Follow OSHA Respirator Regulations (29 CFR Respirator: 1910.134) and use NIOSH/MHSA approved respirators. Protection provided by air purifying

respirators against exposure to any hazardous chemical is limited. Use a positive pressure air supplied respirator if there is any potential for uncontrolled release, exposure levels are unknown, or any other circumstance where air purifying respirators may not provide adequate

protection.

Precautionary Measures: Avoid eye contact. Avoid skin contact. Avoid breathing vapor, mist, dust, or fumes. Keep

container closed. Do not take internally. Use reasonable care.

Comments: This material may form highly toxic vapors of trifluoropropionaldehyde if heated in air above

> 300° F (149° C). Provide ventilation to control vapor exposure (inhalation guidelines have not been established). Product evolves acetic acid (HOAc) when exposed to water or humid air. Provide ventilation during use to control HOAc within exposure guidelines or use respiratory

protection.

When heated to temperatures above 180 degrees C in the presence of air, product can form formaldehyde vapors. Formaldehyde is a potential cancer hazard, a known skin and respiratory sensitizer, and an irritant to the eyes, nose, throat, skin, and digestive system. Safe handling conditions may be maintained by keeping vapor concentrations within the

OSHA Permissible Exposure Limit for formaldehyde.

Note: These precautions are for room temperature handling. Use at elevated temperature or aerosol/spray applications may require added precautions.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical Form: Paste

Color: Red

Odor: Acetic acid odor

Specific Gravity @ 25°C: 1.8

Viscosity: Not determined.

Freezing/Melting Point: Not determined.

Boiling Point: Not determined.

Vapor Pressure @ 25°C: Not determined. Vapor Density: Not determined.

Solubility in Water: Not determined.

pH: Not determined. Volatile Content: Not determined.

Flash Point: > 214 °F / > 101.1 °C (Closed Cup)

Autoignition Temperature: Not determined. Flammability Limits in Air: Not determined.



Page: 6 of 9 Version: 3.0

Revision Date: 2013/06/25

DOW CORNING(R) Q4-2817 FLUOROSILICONE SEALANT

Note: The above information is not intended for use in preparing product specifications. Contact Dow Corning before writing specifications.

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical Stability: Stable.

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

Polymerization:

Conditions to Avoid: None.

Materials to Avoid: Oxidizing material can cause a reaction. Water, moisture, or humid air can cause hazardous

vapors to form as described in Section 8.

Hazardous Decomposition Products

Thermal breakdown of this product during fire or very high heat conditions may evolve the following decomposition products: Carbon oxides and traces of incompletely burned carbon compounds. Silicon dioxide. Formaldehyde. Fluorine compounds. Nitrogen oxides. Metal oxides.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Component Toxicology Information

This material may form highly toxic vapors of Trifluoropropional dehyde if heated in air above 300 (degrees) F (149 degrees C). Provide ventilation to control vapor exposure (inhalation guidelines have not been established).

Trifluoropropylmethylcyclotrisiloxane decreased fertility and produced histological changes in the testes of male rabbits dermally exposed for 21 days at dosages greater than or equal to 500 mg/kg/day.

Trifluoropropylmethylcyclotrisiloxane decreased body weight gains, depressed serum alkaline phosphatase activity, and increased serum glutamic pyruvate transaminase and serum glutamic oxalate transaminase activities in male and female rabbits treated dermally for 21 days at dosages greater than or equal to 200 mg/kg/day. Relative liver weights were decreased in males at 200 mg/kg/day and in females at greater than or equal to 40 mg/kg/day. Mortality was produced at 400 mg/kg/day.

The acute oral toxicity of trifluoropropylmethylcyclotrisiloxane in rats was evaluated in several tests. Dilution in corn oil appeared to increase the acute lethality of trifluoropropylmethylcyclotrisiloxane. In one test, the approximate oral LD50's were 10 g/kg (undiluted), 4g/kg (50 percent in corn oil) and 0.3 g/kg (5 percent in corn oil). These findings are generally consistent with those of other available tests.

Trifluoropropylmethylcyclotrisiloxane reduced the function and/or weight of the seminal vesicles, prostate, and testes in male rodents following oral gavage at dosages of 10-33 mg/kg/day for 3-7 days.



Page: 7 of 9 Version: 3.0

Revision Date: 2013/06/25

DOW CORNING(R) Q4-2817 FLUOROSILICONE SEALANT

Special Hazard Information on Components

Reproductive Toxicity

<u>CAS Number</u> <u>Wt %</u> <u>Component Name</u>

2374-14-3 <1.0 Trifluoropropylmethyl cyclotrisiloxane

Evidence of reproductive effects in

laboratory animals.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Environmental Fate and Distribution

Complete information is not yet available.

Environmental Effects

Complete information is not yet available.

Fate and Effects in Waste Water Treatment Plants

Complete information is not yet available.

Hazard Parameters (LC50 or EC50)	High	Medium	Low
Acute Aquatic Toxicity (mg/L)	<=1	>1 and <=100	>100
Acute Terrestrial Toxicity	<=100	>100 and <= 2000	>2000

This table is adapted from "Environmental Toxicology and Risk Assessment", ASTM STP 1179, p.34, 1993.

This table can be used to classify the ecotoxicity of this product when ecotoxicity data is listed above. Please read the other information presented in the section concerning the overall ecological safety of this material.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

RCRA Hazard Class (40 CFR 261)

When a decision is made to discard this material, as received, is it classified as a hazardous waste? No

State or local laws may impose additional regulatory requirements regarding disposal. Call (989) 496-6315, if additional information is required.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT Road Shipment Information (49 CFR 172.101)



Page: 8 of 9 Version: 3.0

Revision Date: 2013/06/25

DOW CORNING(R) Q4-2817 FLUOROSILICONE SEALANT

Not subject to DOT.

Ocean Shipment (IMDG)

Not subject to IMDG code.

Air Shipment (IATA)

Not subject to IATA regulations.

Call Dow Corning Transportation, (989) 496-8577, if additional information is required.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Contents of this MSDS comply with the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200.

TSCA Status: All chemical substances in this material are included on or exempted from listing on the TSCA

Inventory of Chemical Substances.

EPA SARA Title III Chemical Listings

Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances (40 CFR 355):

None.

Section 304 CERCLA Hazardous Substances (40 CFR 302):

None.

Section 311/312 Hazard Class (40 CFR 370):

Acute: Yes Chronic: Yes Fire: No Pressure: No Reactive: No

Section 313 Toxic Chemicals (40 CFR 372):

None present or none present in regulated quantities.

Note: Chemicals are listed under the 313 Toxic Chemicals section only if they meet or exceed a reporting threshold.

Supplemental State Compliance Information

California

Warning: This product contains the following chemical(s) listed by the State of California under the Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65) as being known to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm.



Page: 9 of 9 Version: 3.0

Revision Date: 2013/06/25

DOW CORNING(R) Q4-2817 FLUOROSILICONE SEALANT

	None known	ı .		
	New Jersey			
	CAS Number	Wt %	Component Name	
	68607-77-2	40.0 - 60.0	Trifluoropropylmethyl siloxane, hydroxy-terminated	
	1332-37-2	30.0 - 50.0	Iron oxide	
	68909-20-6	5.0 - 10.0	Trimethylated silica	
	17689-77-9	1.0 - 5.0	Ethyltriacetoxysilane	
	4253-34-3	1.0 - 5.0	Methyltriacetoxysilane	
	Pennsylvania			
<u>.</u>	CAS Number	Wt %	Component Name	
	68607-77-2	40.0 - 60.0	Trifluoropropylmethyl siloxane, hydroxy-terminated	
	1332-37-2	30.0 - 50.0	Iron oxide	
	68909-20-6	5.0 - 10.0	Trimethylated silica	
	17689-77-9	1.0 - 5.0	Ethyltriacetoxysilane	

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Prepared by: Dow Corning Corporation

These data are offered in good faith as typical values and not as product specifications. No warranty, either expressed or implied, is hereby made. The recommended industrial hygiene and safe handling procedures are believed to be generally applicable. However, each user should review these recommendations in the specific context of the intended use and determine whether they are appropriate.

(R) indicates Registered Trademark