

DOW CORNING CORPORATION
Material Safety Data Sheet

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Version: 5.0

Revision Date: 2014/01/28

MOLYKOTE(R) 3400A ANTI-FRICTION COATING LF**1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION**

Dow Corning Corporation
South Saginaw Road
Midland, Michigan 48686

24 Hour Emergency Telephone: (989) 496-5900

Customer Service: (989) 496-6000

Product Disposal Information: (989) 496-6315

CHEMTREC: (800) 424-9300

MSDS No.: 03299295

Revision Date: 2014/01/28

Generic Description: Inorganic and organic compounds dispersion

Physical Form: Liquid

Color: Charcoal

Odor: Solvent odor.

NFPA Profile: Health 2 Flammability 3 Instability/Reactivity 0

Note: NFPA = National Fire Protection Association

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS****Acute Effects**

Eye: Direct contact may cause severe irritation. Vapor may cause eye irritation.

Skin: May cause mild irritation.

Inhalation: Vapor and/or mist may irritate nose and throat. Overexposure by inhalation may cause drowsiness, dizziness, confusion or loss of coordination.

Oral: Low ingestion hazard in normal use.

Prolonged/Repeated Exposure Effects

Skin: Repeated or prolonged contact may cause defatting and drying of skin which may result in skin irritation and dermatitis.

Inhalation: No known applicable information.

Oral: Repeated ingestion or swallowing large amounts may injure internally.

Other Health Effects

This product contains a chemical(s) that has the following effect(s):

Developmental Toxicity

Carcinogenicity

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See Section 11 for specific details.

Signs and Symptoms of Overexposure

No known applicable information.

Medical Conditions Aggravated by Exposure

No known applicable information.

The above listed potential effects of overexposure are based on actual data, results of studies performed upon similar compositions, component data and/or expert review of the product. Please refer to Section 11 for the detailed toxicology information.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

<u>CAS Number</u>	<u>Wt %</u>	<u>Component Name</u>
123-86-4	15.0 - 35.0	n-Butyl acetate
78-93-3	15.0 - 35.0	Butanone
64-17-5	10.0 - 30.0	Ethyl alcohol
1309-64-4	10.0 - 30.0	Antimony trioxide
1317-33-5	10.0 - 30.0	Molybdenum disulfide
141-78-6	<1.0	Ethyl acetate
67-56-1	<1.0	Methyl alcohol
136-52-7	<1.0	Cobalt bis(ethylhexanoate)

The above components are hazardous as defined in 29 CFR 1910.1200.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Eye:	Immediately flush the contaminated eye(s) with lukewarm, gently flowing water for 15 - 20 minutes while holding the eyelid(s) open. If contact lens is present, DO NOT delay irrigation or attempt to remove the lens. Take care not to rinse contaminated water into the unaffected eye or onto the face. Immediately obtain medical attention.
Skin:	Remove contaminated clothing, shoes and leather goods (e.g. watchbands, belts). Quickly and gently blot or brush away excess chemical. Flush with lukewarm gently flowing water for 15 minutes. If irritation persists, repeat flushing. If irritation persists, obtain medical advice.

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Inhalation:	Remove from the source of contamination or move to fresh air. If irritation persists, obtain medical advice.
Oral:	If irritation or discomfort occur, obtain medical advice.
Notes to Physician:	Treat according to person's condition and specifics of exposure.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Flash Point:	50 °F / 10 °C (Closed Cup)
Autoignition Temperature:	Not determined.
Flammability Limits in Air:	Not determined.
Extinguishing Media:	On large fires use dry chemical, foam or water spray. On small fires use carbon dioxide (CO ₂), dry chemical or water spray. Water can be used to cool fire exposed containers.
Fire Fighting Measures:	Self-contained breathing apparatus and protective clothing should be worn in fighting large fires involving chemicals. Determine the need to evacuate or isolate the area according to your local emergency plan. Use water spray to keep fire exposed containers cool.
Unusual Fire Hazards:	Vapors are heavier than air and may travel to a source of ignition and flash back. Static electricity will accumulate and may ignite vapors. Prevent a possible fire hazard by bonding and grounding or inert gas purge.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Containment/Clean up:	Remove possible ignition sources. Determine whether to evacuate or isolate the area according to your local emergency plan. Observe all personal protection equipment recommendations described in Sections 5 and 8. For large spills, provide diking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If diked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container. Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorbant. Clean area as appropriate since spilled materials, even in small quantities, may present a slip hazard. Final cleaning may require use of steam, solvents or detergents. Dispose of saturated absorbant or cleaning materials appropriately, since spontaneous heating may occur. Local, state and federal laws and regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which federal, state and local laws and regulations are applicable. Sections 13 and 15 of this MSDS provide information regarding certain federal and state requirements.
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Note: See Section 8 for Personal Protective Equipment for Spills. Call (989) 496-5900, if additional information is required.

MOLYKOTE(R) 3400A ANTI-FRICTION COATING LF**7. HANDLING AND STORAGE**

Use with adequate ventilation. Avoid eye exposure. Avoid skin contact. Avoid breathing vapor, mist, dust, or fumes. Keep container closed. Do not take internally.

Static electricity will accumulate and may ignite vapors. Prevent a possible fire hazard by bonding and grounding or inert gas purge. Keep container closed and away from heat, sparks, and flame.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION**Component Exposure Limits**

<u>CAS Number</u>	<u>Component Name</u>	<u>Exposure Limits</u>
123-86-4	n-Butyl acetate	OSHA PEL (final rule): TWA 150 ppm, 710 mg/m ³ . ACGIH TLV: TWA 150 ppm, STEL 200 ppm.
78-93-3	Butanone	OSHA PEL (final rule): TWA 200 ppm and ACGIH TLV: TWA 200 ppm, STEL 300 ppm.
64-17-5	Ethyl alcohol	OSHA PEL (final rule): TWA 1000 ppm and ACGIH TLV: STEL 1000 ppm.
1309-64-4	Antimony trioxide	Observe antimony compounds limits. OSHA PEL and ACGIH TLV: TWA 0.5 mg/m ³ .
1317-33-5	Molybdenum disulfide	Observe molybdenum (insoluble compounds) limits. OSHA PEL (final rule): TWA 10 mg/m ³ total dust. ACGIH TLV: TWA 10 mg/m ³ inhalable fraction, 3 mg/m ³ respirable fraction.
136-52-7	Cobalt bis(ethylhexanoate)	Observe cobalt limits. OSHA PEL (final rule): TWA 0.05 mg/m ³ ; ACGIH TLV: TWA 0.02 mg/m ³ .

Engineering Controls

Local Ventilation: Recommended.
General Ventilation: Recommended.

Personal Protective Equipment for Routine Handling

Eyes: Use chemical worker's goggles.

Skin: Wash at mealtime and end of shift. Contaminated clothing and shoes should be removed as soon as practical and thoroughly cleaned before reuse. Chemical protective gloves are recommended.

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Suitable Gloves: Avoid skin contact by implementing good industrial hygiene practices and procedures. Select and use gloves and/or protective clothing to further minimize the potential for skin contact. Consult with your glove and/or personnel protective equipment manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible materials.

Inhalation: Use respiratory protection unless adequate local exhaust ventilation is provided or exposure assessment demonstrates that exposures are within recommended exposure guidelines. IH personnel can assist in judging the adequacy of existing engineering controls.

Suitable Respirator: General and local exhaust ventilation is recommended to maintain vapor exposures below recommended limits. Where concentrations are above recommended limits or are unknown, appropriate respiratory protection should be worn. Follow OSHA respirator regulations (29 CFR 1910.134) and use NIOSH/MSHA approved respirators.

Personal Protective Equipment for Spills

Eyes: Use full face respirator.

Skin: Wash at mealtime and end of shift. Contaminated clothing and shoes should be removed as soon as practical and thoroughly cleaned before reuse. Chemical protective gloves are recommended.

Inhalation/Suitable Respirator: Respiratory protection recommended. Follow OSHA Respirator Regulations (29 CFR 1910.134) and use NIOSH/MHSA approved respirators. Protection provided by air purifying respirators against exposure to any hazardous chemical is limited. Use a positive pressure air supplied respirator if there is any potential for uncontrolled release, exposure levels are unknown, or any other circumstance where air purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.

Precautionary Measures: Avoid eye exposure. Avoid skin contact. Avoid breathing vapor, mist, dust, or fumes. Keep container closed. Do not take internally. Use reasonable care.

Note: These precautions are for room temperature handling. Use at elevated temperature or aerosol/spray applications may require added precautions.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical Form: Liquid

Color: Charcoal

Odor: Solvent odor.

Specific Gravity @ 25°C: 1.2

Viscosity: < 20.5 mm²/s

Freezing/Melting Point: Not determined.

Boiling Point: > 35C/95F

Vapor Pressure @ 25°C: Not determined.

Vapor Density: Not determined.

Solubility in Water: Not determined.

pH: Not determined.

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Volatile Content: Not determined.

Flash Point: 50 °F / 10 °C (Closed Cup)

Autoignition Temperature: Not determined.

Flammability Limits in Air: Not determined.

Note: The above information is not intended for use in preparing product specifications. Contact Dow Corning before writing specifications.

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical Stability: Stable.

Hazardous Polymerization: Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

Polymerization:
Conditions to Avoid: None.

Materials to Avoid: Oxidizing material can cause a reaction.

Hazardous Decomposition Products

Thermal breakdown of this product during fire or very high heat conditions may evolve the following decomposition products: Carbon oxides and traces of incompletely burned carbon compounds. Formaldehyde. Metal oxides. Sulfur oxides. Chlorine compounds. Silicon dioxide. Nitrogen oxides. Fluorine compounds.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATIONComponent Toxicology Information

When heated to temperatures above 150 degrees C in the presence of air, product can form formaldehyde vapors. Formaldehyde is a potential cancer hazard, a known skin and respiratory sensitizer, and an irritant to the eyes, nose, throat, skin, and digestive system. Safe handling conditions may be maintained by keeping vapor concentrations within the OSHA Permissible Exposure Limit for formaldehyde.

Special Hazard Information on Components**Carcinogens**

<u>CAS Number</u>	<u>Wt %</u>	<u>Component Name</u>	
1309-64-4	10.0 - 30.0	Antimony trioxide	IARC Group 2B - Possibly Carcinogenic to Humans. ACGIH A2 - Suspected Human Carcinogen.
136-52-7	<1.0	Cobalt bis(ethylhexanoate)	IARC Group 2B - Possibly Carcinogenic to Humans.

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Cobalt compound.

Developmental Toxicity

<u>CAS Number</u>	<u>Wt %</u>	<u>Component Name</u>
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64-17-5	10.0 - 30.0	Ethyl alcohol
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Evidence of teratogenicity (birth defects) in humans.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**Environmental Fate and Distribution**

Complete information is not yet available.

Environmental Effects

Complete information is not yet available.

Fate and Effects in Waste Water Treatment Plants

Complete information is not yet available.

Ecotoxicity Classification Criteria

Hazard Parameters (LC50 or EC50)	High	Medium	Low
Acute Aquatic Toxicity (mg/L)	<=1	>1 and <=100	>100
Acute Terrestrial Toxicity	<=100	>100 and <= 2000	>2000

This table is adapted from "Environmental Toxicology and Risk Assessment", ASTM STP 1179, p.34, 1993.

This table can be used to classify the ecotoxicity of this product when ecotoxicity data is listed above. Please read the other information presented in the section concerning the overall ecological safety of this material.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**RCRA Hazard Class (40 CFR 261)**

When a decision is made to discard this material, as received, is it classified as a hazardous waste? Yes

Characteristic Waste:

Ignitable: D001

TCLP: D004

D035

D008

State or local laws may impose additional regulatory requirements regarding disposal. Call (989) 496-6315, if additional information is required.

MOLYKOTE(R) 3400A ANTI-FRICTION COATING LF**14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION****DOT Road Shipment Information (49 CFR 172.101)**

Proper Shipping Name: Flammable liquids, n.o.s.
Hazard Technical Name: Butyl Acetate / Methyl ethyl ketone
Hazard Class: 3
UN/NA Number: UN 1993
Packing Group: II
Hazard Label(s): Flammable Liquid

Ocean Shipment (IMDG)

Proper Shipping Name: FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S.
Hazard Technical Name: Butyl Acetate / Methyl ethyl ketone
Hazard Class: 3
UN/NA Number: UN 1993
Packing Group: II
Hazard Label(s): Flammable liquids

Air Shipment (IATA)

Proper Shipping Name: Flammable liquid, n.o.s.
Hazard Technical Name: Butyl Acetate / Methyl ethyl ketone
Hazard Class: 3
UN/NA Number: UN 1993
Packing Group: II
Hazard Label(s): Flammable Liquids

Call Dow Corning Transportation, (989) 496-8577, if additional information is required.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

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Contents of this MSDS comply with the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200.

TSCA Status: All chemical substances in this material are included on or exempted from listing on the TSCA Inventory of Chemical Substances.

EPA SARA Title III Chemical Listings**Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances (40 CFR 355):**

<u>CAS Number</u>	<u>Wt %</u>	<u>Component Name</u>
50-00-0	0.02	Formaldehyde

Section 304 CERCLA Hazardous Substances (40 CFR 302):

<u>CAS Number</u>	<u>Wt %</u>	<u>Component Name</u>
123-86-4	29.0	n-Butyl acetate
78-93-3	16.0	Butanone
1309-64-4	13.0	Antimony trioxide
141-78-6	0.77	Ethyl acetate
67-56-1	0.62	Methyl alcohol
50-00-0	0.02	Formaldehyde

Section 311/312 Hazard Class (40 CFR 370):

Acute: Yes
Chronic: Yes
Fire: Yes
Pressure: No
Reactive: No

Section 313 Toxic Chemicals (40 CFR 372):

<u>CAS Number</u>	<u>Wt %</u>	<u>Component Name</u>
78-93-3	16.0	Butanone
1309-64-4	13.0	Antimony trioxide
136-52-7	0.32	Cobalt bis(ethylhexanoate)
61789-51-3	0.15	Cobalt Naphthenate

Note: Chemicals are listed under the 313 Toxic Chemicals section only if they meet or exceed a reporting threshold.

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Supplemental State Compliance Information**California**

Warning: This product contains the following chemical(s) listed by the State of California under the Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65) as being known to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm.

<u>CAS Number</u>	<u>Wt %</u>	<u>Component Name</u>	
1309-64-4	10.0000 - 30.0000	Antimony trioxide	Carcinogenic.
67-56-1	<1.0000	Methyl alcohol	Developmental toxin.
136-52-7	<1.0000	Cobalt bis(ethylhexanoate)	Carcinogenic.
61789-51-3	<1.0000	Cobalt Naphthenate	Carcinogenic.
108-88-3	<0.1000	Toluene	Developmental toxin.
50-00-0	<0.1000	Formaldehyde	Carcinogenic.
1317-36-8	<0.1000	Lead oxide	Carcinogenic. Male reproductive toxin. Female reproductive toxin. Developmental toxin.

New Jersey

<u>CAS Number</u>	<u>Wt %</u>	<u>Component Name</u>
123-86-4	15.0 - 35.0	n-Butyl acetate
78-93-3	15.0 - 35.0	Butanone
64-17-5	10.0 - 30.0	Ethyl alcohol
1309-64-4	10.0 - 30.0	Antimony trioxide
1317-33-5	10.0 - 30.0	Molybdenum disulfide
67-56-1	<1.0	Methyl alcohol
136-52-7	<1.0	Cobalt bis(ethylhexanoate)

Pennsylvania

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<u>CAS Number</u>	<u>Wt %</u>	<u>Component Name</u>
123-86-4	15.0 - 35.0	n-Butyl acetate
78-93-3	15.0 - 35.0	Butanone
64-17-5	10.0 - 30.0	Ethyl alcohol
1309-64-4	10.0 - 30.0	Antimony trioxide
1317-33-5	10.0 - 30.0	Molybdenum disulfide
25068-38-6	7.0 - 13.0	Bisphenol A-epichlorohydrin copolymer
50-00-0	<0.1	Formaldehyde

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Prepared by: Dow Corning Corporation

These data are offered in good faith as typical values and not as product specifications. No warranty, either expressed or implied, is hereby made. The recommended industrial hygiene and safe handling procedures are believed to be generally applicable. However, each user should review these recommendations in the specific context of the intended use and determine whether they are appropriate.

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